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KNELL SOUNDS FOR OLD JOHN BARLEYCORN

DRY AMENDMENT NOW A PART OF THE U. S. CONSTITUTION, BY PROCLAMATION

FRIENDS OF PEBBLEFORD WEEP

After One Year the Manufacture, Sale or Transportation of Liquor Will Be Prohibited

The proclamation ratifying the prohibition amendment to the federal constitution, issued yesterday at Washington by Acting Secretary of State Polk, reads as follows:

"To all to whom these presents shall come—Greeting:

"Know ye, that the congress of the United States at the second session, 65th congress, begun at Washington on the 3d day of December, in the year 1917, passed a resolution in the words and figures following, to-wit:

"Joint resolution, proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States:

"Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled (two-thirds of each house concurring therein), that the following amendment to the constitution be and hereby is proposed to the states to become valid as a part of the constitution when ratified by the legislatures of the several states as provided by the constitution.

"Section 1. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

"Section 2. The congress and the several states shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

"Section 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the constitution by the legislatures of the several states, as provided in the constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the states by the congress.

"And further that it appears from official documents on file in this department that the amendment to the constitution of the United States proposed as aforesaid, has been ratified by the legislatures of the states of Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, South Carolina, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

"And further, that the states whose legislatures have so ratified the said proposed amendment, constitute three-fourth of the whole number of states in the United States.

"Now, therefore, be it known that I, Frank L. Polk, acting secretary of state of the United States, by virtue and in pursuance of Section 205 of the revised status of the United States, do hereby certify that the amendment aforesaid has become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the constitution of the United States.

"In testimony whereof, I have hereto set my hand and caused the seal of the department of state to be affixed.

"Done in the City of Washington, this 29th day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand, nine hundred and nineteen.

"FRANK L. POLK,
"Acting Secretary of State."

MEXICANS WILL FIGHT US AT PARIS

Contents That Americans Who Own Property in Mexico Have No Right to Interfere

New York, Jan. 30.—The Mexican government is planning retaliatory measures against the action of the national association for the protection of America rights in Mexico in consolidating all the interests having conflict with the Carranza government. Alberto Pani, who recently sailed for France as the representative of the Mexican government, will have entire charge of presenting the case of his country, which is expected to stand in opposition to the contention of American business men.

The chief point which Pani has been instructed to present is the so-called Carranza doctrine which was enunciated by President Carranza in a message to the Mexican congress on September 1 last. This is to the effect that no nation shall have the right to interfere in the affairs of another country even where the property rights of citizens in a foreign country are in question, that being the province only of the country in which the rights are held.

Pani will also support another Carranza contention that a government by alteration of its constitution can legally take such properties within its borders as the demands of the government may indicate.

The oil interests identified with the association have appointed, as their delegate to Paris E. L. Doheny, president of the Mexican Petroleum company. Mr. Doheny expects to sail on February 1, and now is in Washington to arrange for passports.

BAKER WOULD ABANDON ALL BUT 2 GUARD CAMPS

Washington, Jan. 30.—The abandonment of 14 of the 16 national guard camps and purchase by the government of all the national army cantonments was urged by Secretary Baker before the house military committee. The only guard camps purchased would be Camp Kearney, California, and Camp Sevier, South Carolina.

65TH ARTILLERY WERE IN THICK OF FIGHT

Philadelphia, Jan. 30.—The 65th coast artillery arrived today. They sailed from Brest on January 15. It is composed of Pacific coast men and entrained this afternoon for Camp Dix. This regiment handled the heaviest mobile armament used by the American First army and fired 15,000 tons of explosives at the German lines.

During the 70 days this regiment was in action, the casualties amounted to only three men killed and 99 wounded. This was largely due to excellence in the art of camouflage. The records show there was no court martial.

POTASH FROM ALSACE FOR AMERICAN FARMS

H. T. Hull, of the Lakeside Fruit Ranch, who recently wrote a letter of inquiry to The Country Gentleman, in regard to potash, has received the following reply:

"Many of the former German potash mines are located in Alsace and are now under the control of the allies. There are other extensive mines in Germany proper. Plans are already being made to ship potash from Alsace to this country."

JAPANESE ANGRY—WILL CLAIM PACIFIC ISLANDS

Old Treaties Must be Torn Up if England Accepts Wilson's Ideas—President Said to be Firm—Italians Avow Claim to Fiume—Allies Preparing Bills for Damages

London, Jan. 30.—England's reported acceptance of President Wilson's theory of internationalization as applied to captured enemy colonies, says the Paris correspondent of the Paris Daily Mail, involves the admission that the treaties regarding islands in the Northern Pacific, and with the Arabs regarding Syria, and the understanding with France as to the future of Kamerun, must be arbitrarily modified, if not torn up, and says the Japanese delegates are angry and alarmed and declare unalterable determination to claim the islands as promised.

These islands are really the crux of the whole situation. The Australians believe Wilson's firm stand is due to fear that the Japanese occupation of the islands would impair his prestige in the United States and that he fears a hostile congress if he agrees.

The Italians frankly avow their claim to Fiume and their pact with London, and frankly say Wilson's attitude regarding Fiume contradicts his declaration of rights of peoples in his 14 points.

THIS "CHICKEN" HAS A MIGHTY RIGHT ARM

New York, Jan. 30.—Soldier, Pretty girl, "Whither, Kid?" "Zowie!" (She sure slung a wicked Nat). Police court. Pretty girl, removing disguise, revealed as Policeman Geo. Leclair. Private Henry Werner, nursing jaw, languishes in jail.

AMERICAN BALL PLAYERS ON PATROL DREAM OF GOOD OLD DAYS ON DIAMOND

Chicago, Jan. 30.—Somewhere in Germany Grover Cleveland Alexander, the \$50,000 pitcher with the Chicago Nationals, and three other major league players attached to the American army of occupation, are impatiently counting the days when they will board a homeward transport.

"What a grand and glorious feeling that will be for the gang; we all have said it will be the happiest days of our lives," writes Sergt. Charles Ward, of the 342nd field artillery, a part of the 89th division now stationed in Germany. With Ward, who formerly was a member of the Brooklyn Nationals, are Pitcher Alexander, Otis Lambeth, of the Cleveland Americans, Johnny Noyes of the Philadelphia Nationals, and Waited of the Pittsburg Nationals.

The players are members of the same detachment doing patrol duty in one of the German towns on the Rhine.

Ward's letter relating his experiences while en route to the German border was dated December 10. It follows in part:

"We are well on our way into Germany and are now resting in a German village called Spang for a few days. We started on this journey from a town called Beney in France being mounted on horseback. I experienced a little hard luck with my mount when his back became sore from the saddle after riding for three days steady. I had to walk for the remainder of the eight days of the journey, making 11 days in all that we were on the road, and believe me, we were all in when we reached this town. Can you imagine Alexander, Noyes, Lambeth, Lieuten-

Paris, Jan. 30.—The British and French governments accepted in principle President Wilson's plan concerning mandatories from the league of nations for the administration of captured territory, it is announced. The acceptance, however, is subject to learning under what conditions the plan will be carried out.

London, Jan. 30.—The Paris correspondent of the Evening Standard says the peace conference has eliminated any intention of calling on Germany and associates to pay the allies the cost of the war or impose heavy indemnities. There will be full and ample reparation for unjustifiable damage, however.

Serbia and Belgium have formulated claims. The idea that Germany should return the indemnity she took from France in 1871 has been abandoned.

The British claims will be made for damage in air raids and the sinking of merchantmen.

MUST OVERTHROW RUSS REDS

New York, Jan. 30.—"Russia is a ruined nation, corrupt, starving and with a hopeless future unless the Bolsheviks are overthrown," according to Mme. Catherine Breshkovskaya, the 75-year-old "grandmother of the Russian revolution," who arrived here today from Chicago.

Hundreds of fellow countrymen and many Americans greeted the aged revolutionary socialist with kisses and flowers at the station.

HIGH PRICES BOOST VALUE FARM CROPS

Held to Be Worth Half Billion Dollars More Than Any Previous Year

Washington, Jan. 30.—High prices and increased production swelled the total value of farm crops of the country in 1918 half a billion dollars more than the total of any previous year. The aggregate value of farm crops for the year has been placed at \$14,990,769,000 by the bureau of crop estimates of the department of agriculture. The previous record value year was 1917. The value of last year's crop was double the average value for the five years, 1912 to 1916.

Illinois ranked first in the value of all crops as did that state in 1917. Iowa, Texas and Georgia were second, third and fourth, holding the same rank they did in 1917. Minnesota took fifth rank, jumping from ninth place which she held in 1917. Ohio dropped back into sixth place from the fifth rank. North Carolina moved up into seventh rank from the eleventh place. Indiana retained her eighth place. Missouri dropped into ninth rank from the sixth place she held the previous year. Pennsylvania moved into tenth place from the fourteenth position. Nebraska, which held the seventh place in 1917, dropped back to the seventeenth place. California dropped from tenth rank to 21st.

The 13 principal farm crops—corn, wheat, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, flaxseed, rice, potatoes, sweet potatoes, tame hay, tobacco and lint cotton—which formed almost 80 per cent of the value of all the country's crops in 1909 as reported by the census bureau, were valued in 1918 at \$11,125,996,000.

"KAISER'S MAN FROM HEAD TO FOOT"—ALBERS

Portland, Ore., Jan. 30.—A San Francisco manicurist, Miss Olga Gomer, testified today that Henry Albers, in an automobile between San Francisco and Palo Alto last April, said he was a "kaiser's man from head to foot," and a spy.

RED FLAG BILL PASSED BY MEMBERS OF HOUSE

Salem, Ore., Jan. 30.—The Gordon anti-red flag bill passed the house. It would make the display of any emblem in defiance of the American government a felony. The bill passed by a vote of 40 to 3.

The criminal syndicalism bill, attached heavy penalties on all forms of sabotage, or setting in motion violence for political or economic purposes, went to the governor today. The house passed the bill yesterday.

Salem, Ore., Jan. 30.—Governor Withycombe immediately signed the criminal syndicalism bill, carrying an emergency clause, making it immediately effective.

WILL NAME WITNESSES IN TRIAL OF PACKERS

Washington, Jan. 30.—After hearing the testimony of five leading packers on the charge of the federal trade commission that they had combined to control prices, the house interstate commerce committee tentatively agreed to the demand that the trade commission submit the names of witnesses on whose testimony the charges of collusion are based.

PIEZ SAYS LET ALL JOBS REST UNTIL LATER

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF EMERGENCY FLEET CORPORATION MAKES STATEMENT

YARDS NEED BREATHING SPELL

Infers That Government Will Not Continue to Furnish Work at Extremely High Wages

Washington, Jan. 30.—Charles Piez, director general of the Emergency Fleet corporation, announced that it will be the government's policy in shipyard strikes to "let the job stand."

Mr. Piez referred particularly to the situations in Seattle and San Francisco where strikes are threatened. He declared that most yards needed a breathing spell and did not think the government would continue to furnish work at extremely high wages, unless increase skill and output justified it, and he believed it extremely unwise for shipyard workers in their own interests to call strikes at the existing scales.

SOCIALIST HARPOONS PORTLAND TELEGRAM

Thus Wicks, the Boy Bolshevik, adolescent apostle of anarchy, heaps maledictions upon our devoted heads says the Telegram.

From the Western Socialist, this: "The Wheeler outfit, publishers of the Portland Telegram and land thieves extraordinary, are outdoing all the other harlots in the Portland journalistic red-light district in their vilification of the Portland council of workers, soldiers and sailors. Every day they publish columns of deliberate lies about the movement on the Pacific coast.

"The Wheeler aggregation of highbinders, thieves and inciters to murder have their own kind in the law-making bodies. They accuse the workers as enemies of society, but they are the real criminals.

"The publishers of the Portland Telegram and their tools in the state legislature are as rotten an aggregation of pirates as ever scuttled a ship or cut a throat!"

Oh, Wicks!

HUNS ARE KILLED FOR CHEERING AMERICANS

Laibach, Jan. 30.—Reports from Marburg state that quite a serious disturbance broke out there on the arrival of an American "debarcation committee." Five persons were reported killed and 30 injured. Gen. Majster of the Jugo-Slav army is said to have restored order.

Nothing in recent dispatches would seem to explain the presence of an American commission in Marburg, which is in Austria.

London, Jan. 30.—German residents of Marburg, Styria, made a demonstration in the streets of that town Monday in honor of the arrival there by an airship of an American mission headed by Colonel Miles. According to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Vienna, the action of the Germans aroused General Majster, the Jugo-Slav commander, who ordered the people to disperse and when his orders were not obeyed, the dispatch added, he commanded his troops to fire, with the result that eight persons were killed and many injured.